

NAME

archive_entry_acl_add_entry, **archive_entry_acl_add_entry_w**,
archive_entry_acl_clear, **archive_entry_acl_count**, **archive_entry_acl_next**,
archive_entry_acl_next_w, **archive_entry_acl_reset**, **archive_entry_acl_text_w**
— functions for manipulating Access Control Lists in archive entry descriptions

LIBRARY

Streaming Archive Library (libarchive, -larchive)

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <archive_entry.h>

void
archive_entry_acl_add_entry(struct archive_entry *a, int type, int permset,
    int tag, int qualifier, const char *name);

void
archive_entry_acl_add_entry_w(struct archive_entry *a, int type,
    int permset, int tag, int qualifier, const wchar_t *name);

void
archive_entry_acl_clear(struct archive_entry *a);

int
archive_entry_acl_count(struct archive_entry *a, int type);

int
archive_entry_acl_next(struct archive_entry *a, int type, int *ret_type,
    int *ret_permset, int *ret_tag, int *ret_qual, const char **ret_name);

int
archive_entry_acl_next_w(struct archive_entry *a, int type, int *ret_type,
    int *ret_permset, int *ret_tag, int *ret_qual, const wchar_t **ret_name);

int
archive_entry_acl_reset(struct archive_entry *a, int type);

const wchar_t *
archive_entry_acl_text_w(struct archive_entry *a, int flags);
```

DESCRIPTION

An “Access Control List” is a generalisation of the classic Unix permission system. The ACL interface of **libarchive** is derived from the POSIX.1e draft, but restricted to simplify dealing with practical implementations in various Operating Systems and archive formats.

An ACL consists of a number of independent entries. Each entry specifies the permission set as bitmask of basic permissions. Valid permissions are:

```
    ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_EXECUTE
    ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_WRITE
    ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_READ
```

The permissions correspond to the normal Unix permissions.

The tag specifies the principal to which the permission applies. Valid values are:

```
    ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_USER      The user specified by the name field.
```

ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_USER_OBJ	The owner of the file.
ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_GROUP	The group specied by the name field.
ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_GROUP_OBJ	The group who owns the file.
ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_MASK	The maximum permissions to be obtained via group permissions.
ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_OTHER	Any principal who doesn't have a user or group entry.

The principals ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_USER_OBJ, ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_GROUP_OBJ and ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_OTHER are equivalent to user, group and other in the classic Unix permission model and specify non-extended ACL entries.

All files have an access ACL (ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_TYPE_ACCESS). This specifies the permissions required for access to the file itself. Directories have an additional ACL (ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_TYPE_DEFAULT), which controls the initial access ACL for newly created directory entries.

archive_entry_acl_add_entry() and **archive_entry_acl_add_entry_w()** add a single ACL entry. For the access ACL and non-extended principals, the classic Unix permissions are updated.

archive_entry_acl_clear() removes all ACL entries and resets the enumeration pointer.

archive_entry_acl_count() counts the ACL entries that have the given type mask. *type* can be the bitwise-or of ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_TYPE_ACCESS and ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_TYPE_DEFAULT. If ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_TYPE_ACCESS is included and at least one extended ACL entry is found, the three non-extended ACLs are added.

archive_entry_acl_next() and **archive_entry_acl_next_w()** return the next entry of the ACL list. This functions may only be called after **archive_entry_acl_reset()** has indicated the presence of extended ACL entries.

archive_entry_acl_reset() prepare reading the list of ACL entries with **archive_entry_acl_next()** or **archive_entry_acl_next_w()**. The function returns either 0, if no non-extended ACLs are found. In this case, the access permissions should be obtained by **archive_entry_mode(3)** or set using **chmod(2)**. Otherwise, the function returns the same value as **archive_entry_acl_count()**.

archive_entry_acl_text_w() converts the ACL entries for the given type mask into a wide string. In addition to the normal type flags, ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_STYLE_EXTRA_ID and ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_STYLE_MARK_DEFAULT can be specified to further customize the result. The returned long string is valid until the next call to **archive_entry_acl_clear()**, **archive_entry_acl_add_entry()**, **archive_entry_acl_add_entry_w()** or **archive_entry_acl_text_w()**.

RETURN VALUES

archive_entry_acl_count() and **archive_entry_acl_reset()** returns the number of ACL entries that match the given type mask. If the type mask includes ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_TYPE_ACCESS and at least one extended ACL entry exists, the three classic Unix permissions are counted.

archive_entry_acl_next() and **archive_entry_acl_next_w()** return ARCHIVE_OK on success, ARCHIVE_EOF if no more ACL entries exist and ARCHIVE_WARN if **archive_entry_acl_reset()** has not been called first.

archive_entry_text_w() returns a wide string representation of the ACL entrise matching the given type mask. The returned long string is valid until the next call to **archive_entry_acl_clear()**, **archive_entry_acl_add_entry()**, **archive_entry_acl_add_entry_w()** or **archive_entry_acl_text_w()**.

SEE ALSO

archive_entry(3) libarchive(3),

BUGS

ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_STYLE_EXTRA_ID and ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_STYLE_MARK_DEFAULT are not documented.